

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): January 09, 2023

RELAY THERAPEUTICS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation)

001-39385
(Commission File Number)

47-3923475
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

399 Binney Street
Cambridge, Massachusetts
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

02139
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (617) 370-8837

Not Applicable

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share	RLAY	NASDAQ Global Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Relay Therapeutics, Inc. (the “Company”) will be conducting meetings with participants attending the 41st Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference (the “Conference”) during the week of January 9, 2023. A copy of the slides to be presented by the Company at the Conference is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K, which is incorporated herein by reference.

The information in this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, is intended to be furnished and shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 9.01 Exhibits.

- | | |
|------|---|
| 99.1 | 41st Annual J.P. Morgan Healthcare Conference Company Presentation, dated January 2023, furnished herewith. |
| 104 | Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within Inline XBRL document). |
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RELAY THERAPEUTICS, INC.

Date: January 9, 2023

By: /s/ Brian Adams
Brian Adams, J.D.
Chief Legal Officer



RELAY[®]
THERAPEUTICS

JPM Presentation
January 2023

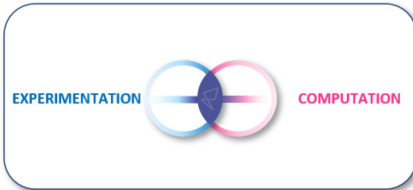
This presentation contains forward-looking statements and information about our current and future prospects and our operations and financial results, which are based on currently available information. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including statements regarding our strategy, future financial condition, future operations, projected costs, prospects, plans, objectives of management and expected market growth, are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "aim," "anticipate," "assume," "believe," "contemplate," "continue," "could," "design," "due," "estimate," "expect," "goal," "intend," "may," "objective," "opportunity," "plan," "predict," "positioned," "potential," "seek," "should," "target," "will," "would" and other similar expressions that are predictions of or indicate future events and future trends, or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements include express or implied statements about the initiation, timing, progress and results of our current and future clinical trials and current and future preclinical studies of our product candidates; the timing of disclosures regarding our pipeline and additional clinical data for RLY-4008 and initial clinical data for RLY-2608; the potential therapeutic benefits of our product candidates, including potential efficacy and tolerability, and combination potential of our product candidates; whether preliminary results from our preclinical or clinical trials will be predictive of the final results of the trials or any future clinical trials of our product candidates; the possibility that unconfirmed results from these trials will not be confirmed by additional data as the clinical trials progress; the competitive landscape and market opportunities for our product candidates; the expected strategic benefits under our collaborations; our ability to successfully establish or maintain collaborations or strategic relationships for our product candidates; expectations regarding current and future interactions with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA); our ability to manufacture our product candidates in conformity with the FDA's requirements; the capabilities and development of our Dynama™ platform; our financial performance; the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic, including mitigation efforts and economic effects, on any of the foregoing or other aspects of our business operations, including but not limited to our preclinical studies and future clinical trials; our plans to develop, manufacture and commercialize our current product candidates and any future product candidates; and the implementation of our business model and strategic plans for our business, current product candidates and any future product candidates.

Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in the forward-looking statements we make due to a number of risks and uncertainties. These and other risks, uncertainties and important factors are described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K or most recent Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as any subsequent filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statements represent our views only as of the date of this presentation and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, the occurrence of certain events or otherwise. We may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in our forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements. No representations or warranties (expressed or implied) are made about the accuracy of any such forward-looking statements.

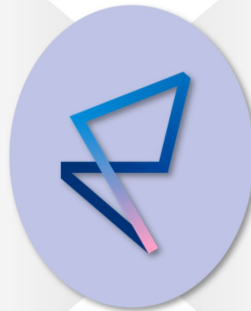
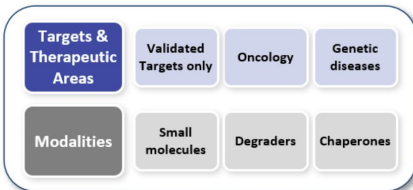
Certain information contained in this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and our own internal estimates and research. While we believe these third-party studies, publications, surveys and other data to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, we have not independently verified, and make no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. In addition, no independent source has evaluated the reasonableness or accuracy of our internal estimates or research and no reliance should be made on any information or statements made in this presentation relating to or based on such internal estimates and research.

This presentation contains trademarks, trade names and service marks of other companies, which are the property of their respective owners.

New Breed of Biotech



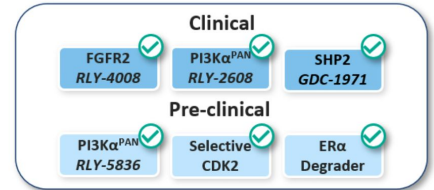
Clear Focus



\$1.1B

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of the end of 3Q 2022

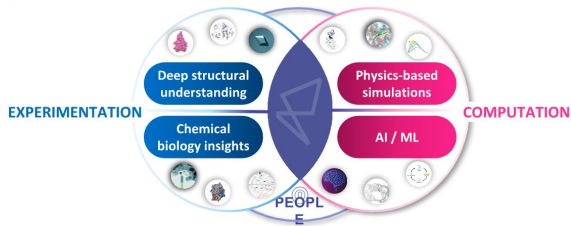
Validated Approach



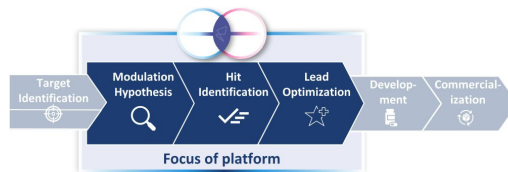
Execution-Focused

Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical	Annual US Patient #
PI3Kα Inhibitor	RYL-2608	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
	RYL-2608	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
CDK2 Inhibitor	RYL-5836	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
	RYL-5836	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
ERα Degraders	RYL-1971	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
	RYL-1971	██████████	██████████	██████████	~10,000
Genetic diseases	2 programs	██████████	██████████	██████████	To be announced
	2 programs	██████████	██████████	██████████	To be announced

1 Dynamo™ Platform...

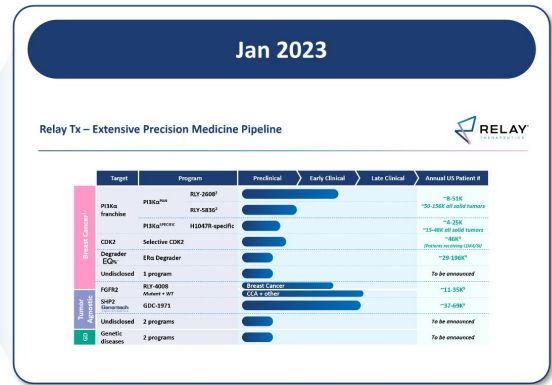


2 ...is focused on making medicines



3 ...aims to address selectivity on validated targets





Company	Programs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Private ✓ Preclinical ✓ Purely research 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 2 disclosed targets ✓ 6+ unnamed programs

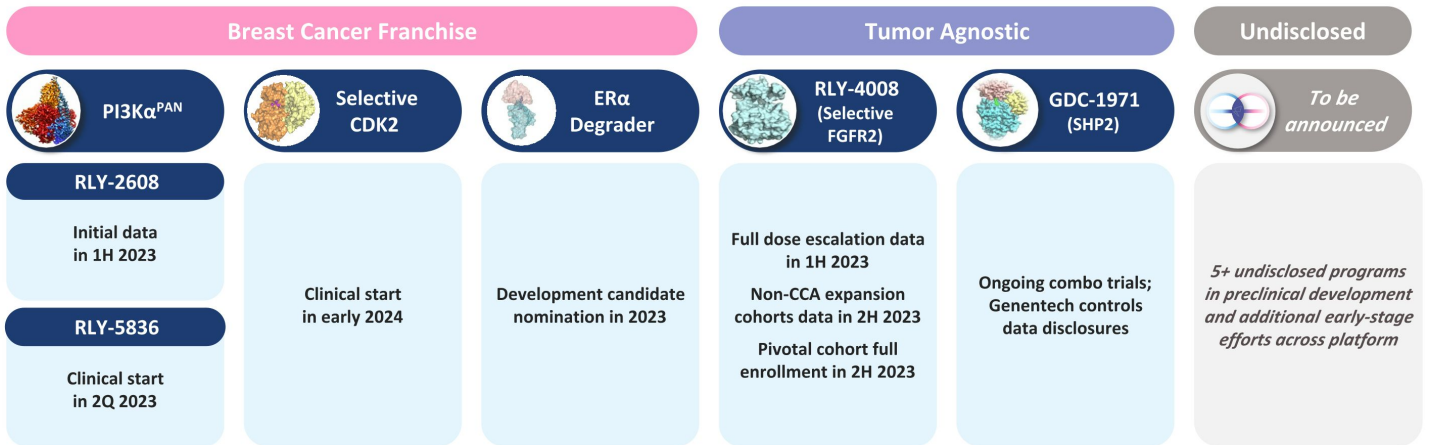
Company	Programs
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Public, clinical org ✓ Cash runway into 2025 ✓ Presented clinical data at ESMO & Triple Meeting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ 3 assets in clinic ✓ 5 disclosed programs ✓ 5+ unnamed programs ✓ Platform: + ML-DEL and Automation

Source: Relay Tx presentation at JPM conference Jan 2020
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	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical	Annual US Patient #
Breast Cancer ¹	PI3Kα franchise	PI3Kα ^{PAN} RLY-2608 ²	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~8-51K
		PI3Kα ^{PAN} RLY-5836 ²	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~50-156K all solid tumors
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC} H1047R-specific	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~4-25K ~15-48K all solid tumors
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~46K ³ (Patients receiving CDK4/6i)
	Degrader EQ [®]	ERα Degrader	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~29-196K ⁴
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced
Tumor Agnostic	FGFR2	RLY-4008 <i>Mutant + WT</i>	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical] Breast Cancer CCA + other			~11-35K ⁵
	SHP2 <small>Genentech A Member of the Roche Group</small>	GDC-1971	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~37-69K ⁶
	Undisclosed	2 programs	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced
GD	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, patient #'s refer to total annual number of US patients with late-line cancers compared to comprehensive annual incidence that may be amenable to treatment with our programs

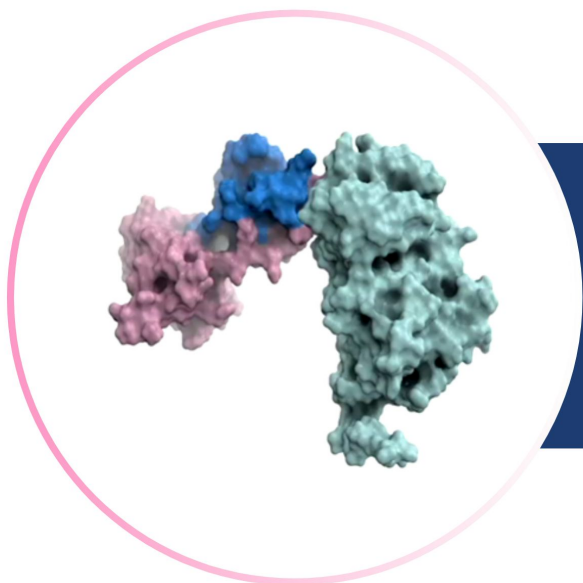
1. Unless otherwise indicated, all breast cancer patient numbers refer to HR+/HER2- breast cancer tumors 2. RLY-2608 covers H1047X, E542X, E545X hot spots, and breast cancer patient range assumes HR+/HER2- population 3. ~46k HR+/HER2- breast cancer patients expected to receive CDK 4/6 inhibitors in adjuvant setting, first-line setting, and second-line setting in 2023, per Decision Resources Breast Cancer Market Forecast, report dated June 2022 4. HR+/HER2- US late-line breast cancer patients compared to HR+/HER2- US incident breast cancer patients 5. FGFR2 altered late-line solid tumors compared to comprehensive annual FGFR2 altered incident solid tumors including additional FGFR gene fusions and rearrangements resulting from truncation of the protein at exon 18 6. SHP2 combo only includes KRAS G12C in lung and CRC, EGFR mutations in lung, and ALK fusions in lung



\$1.1B

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of the end of 3Q 2022

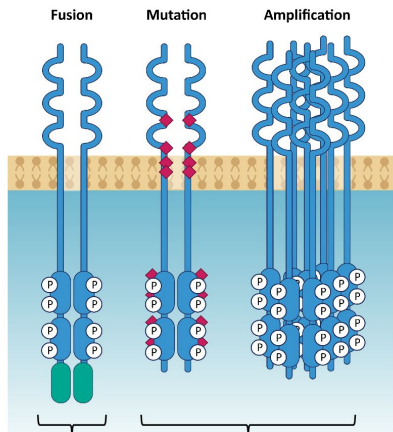
Current cash, cash equivalents and investments are expected to be sufficient to fund current operating plan into 2025



Relay Tx
Programs

	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical
Breast Cancer	PI3K α franchise	PI3K α ^{PAN} RLY-2608	[Progress bar]		
		PI3K α ^{SPECIFIC} H1047R-specific RLY-5836	[Progress bar]		
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar]		
	Degrader EQ _{Rx}	ER α Degrader	[Progress bar]		
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar]		
	FGFR2	RLY-4008 <i>Mutant + WT</i>	Breast Cancer [Progress bar] CCA + other [Progress bar]		
Tumor Agnostic	SHP2 Genentech	GDC-1971	[Progress bar]		
	Undisclosed	2 programs	[Progress bar]		
GD	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar]		

Three classes of driver alterations in FGFR2

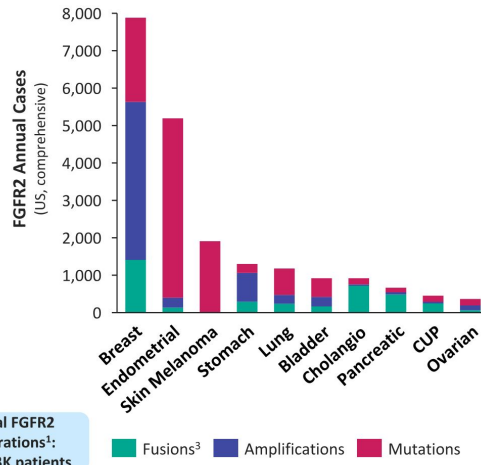


~4.5K-7.5K

~5K-15K

Annual US Patient Count¹

FGFR2 alterations are observed across multiple tumor types²



Total FGFR2 alterations¹:
~10-23K patients

FGFR2-altered cancers remain a high unmet medical need

FDA approvals only in fusion+ CCA FGFRi-naïve patients

36-42% Objective Response Rate⁴

Limited treatment options for other FGFR2 driven cancers⁵

Sources: Image adapted from Babina IS, Turner NC, Nat Rev Cancer 2017;17: 318-332; Internal analysis based on third party industry data

1. All patient #'s refer to total annual number of US patients with late-line cancers vs. comprehensive annual incidence that may be amenable to treatment with our programs including additional FGFR gene fusions and rearrangements resulting from truncation of the protein at exon 18; 2. Cholangio, cholangiocarcinoma (CCA); CUP, carcinoma unknown primary; 3. FGFR2 fusion estimates include del18 truncations; 4. Based on pemigatinib, erdafitinib, and futibatinib prescribing information; 5. Erdafitinib is approved for urothelial carcinoma with FGFR2/3 alterations

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Limited Selectivity

Approved Pan-FGFRs are non-specific across FGFR family

Limited Target Inhibition

Pemigatinib 13.5mg QD achieves 76% inhibition of FGFR2 at trough¹

Limited Efficacy

36-42%

Objective Response Rate
in Fusion+ CCA FGFRi-naïve pts

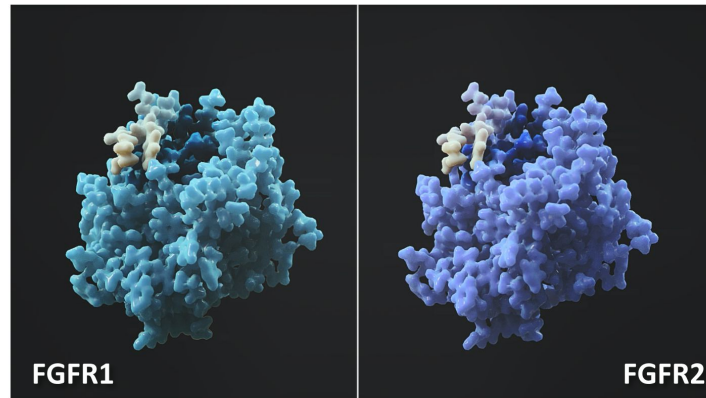
Limited Tolerability

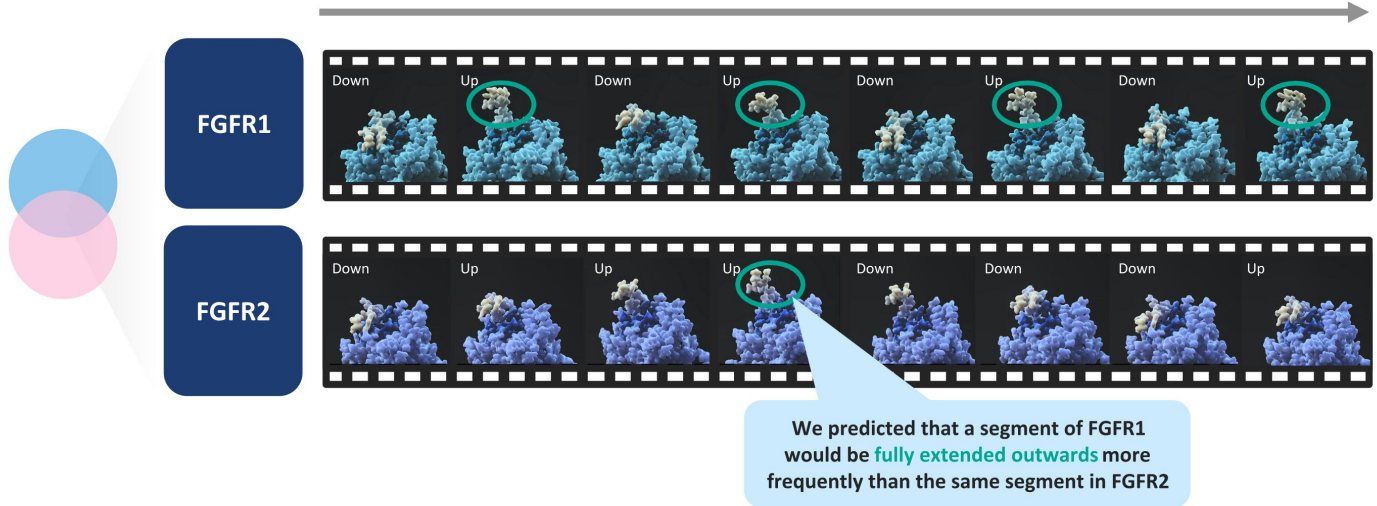
High rates of off-target toxicity (esp. FGFR1,4)

FDA Approved Compound	% of Patients with Hyperphosphatemia	% of Patients with Diarrhea
Pemigatinib	94%	47%
Futibatinib	88%	39%
Erdafitinib	76%	47%

Sources: Pemigatinib – prescribing information; futibatinib – prescribing information; erdafitinib – prescribing information
 1. From pemigatinib NDA review documents: "Pemigatinib 13.5 mg daily provided 76% inhibition of ex vivo phosphorylated FGFR2α at trough"
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Standard Approach

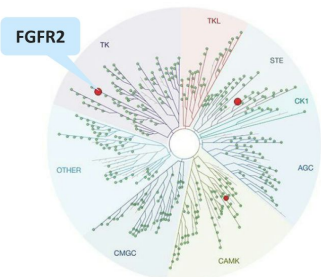




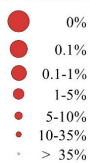
Exploiting the dynamic difference between FGFR1 and FGFR2 enabled Relay Tx to design a selective FGFR2 inhibitor

RLY-4008

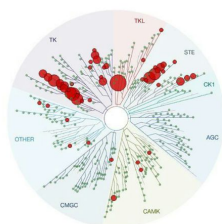
Pan-FGFR Inhibitors



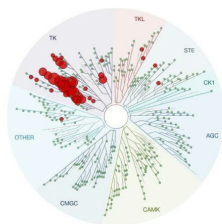
Percent Control



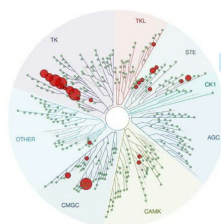
AZD4547



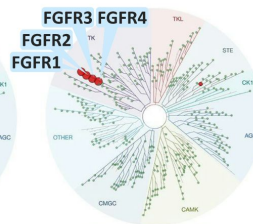
Erdafitinib



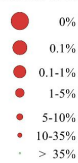
Pemigatinib



Futibatinib



Percent Control



Note: Single experiment that tested each compound run at 500nM against 468 targets in the absence of ATP and without preincubation
 Source: KINOMEScan™ by Eurofins DiscoverX
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RLY-4008 – ReFocus Trial Design



Part 1: Dose Escalation

Unresectable or metastatic solid tumors
 FGFR2 alterations per local assessment
 Both FGFRi-naïve & FGFRi-treated allowed

RLY-4008
 RP2D:
 70 mg QD

Part 2: Dose Expansion

Cholangiocarcinoma (CCA)

Pivotal cohort

FGFR2-fusion+ CCA without prior FGFRi (N=100)

Pivotal supportive

FGFR2-fusion+ CCA with prior FGFRi (N=50)

FGFR2-fusion+ CCA with no prior treatment (N=20)

Any FGFR2-mutant/amplified CCA (N=20)

Non-CCA advanced, solid tumors with FGFR2 alterations

3 Cohorts: FGFR2-fusion+, -amplified and -mutant (N=30 each)

Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with <2 tumor assessments

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RLY-4008 – Patient Characteristics



Parameter	Fusion+ CCA FGFRi-Naïve ¹		Total (N=195) ²
	70 mg QD (N=17)	All doses (N=38)	
Age (years), median (range)	57 (36-81)	58 (33-81)	59 (23-87)
Female, %	59%	58%	62%
Race, %			
White / Asian / Black / Unknown	41% / 24% / 0% / 35%	58% / 21% / 3% / 18%	63% / 15% / 4% / 18%
ECOG PS ³ , %			
0	53%	50%	38%
1	47%	50%	58%
2	0%	0%	3%
Prior lines of systemic therapy, %			
0	0%	0%	2%
1	41%	47%	20%
2	47%	32%	29%
3+	12%	21%	49%
Baseline sum of target lesions (RECIST 1.1, mm), median (range)	57 (10-157)	63 (10-216)	79 (10-274)

1. Efficacy analysis includes patients with previously treated, FGFR2i-naïve CCA treated at the RP2D. Patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥ 2 tumor assessments to confirm response or discontinued treatment with < 2 tumor assessments

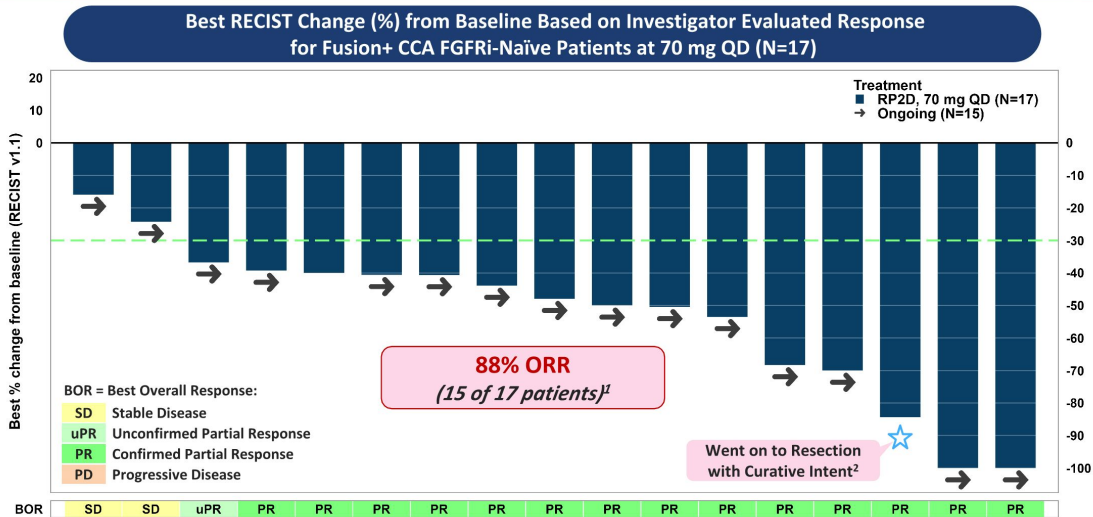
2. Patients in safety population who received ≥ 1 dose of RLY-4008 at any dose level

3. ECOG PS = Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Scale

Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥ 2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with < 2 tumor assessments

RLY-4008 – Interim Response Data

FGFRi-Naïve Fusion+ CCA Patients at Pivotal Dose (70 mg QD)



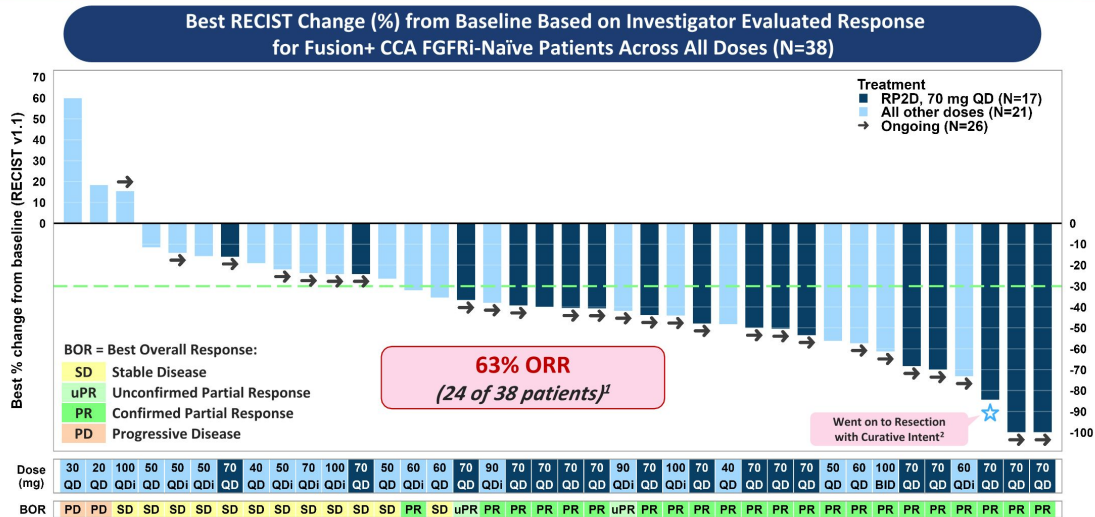
Approved Pan-FGFR Inhibitors Demonstrate 23-36% ORR in This Population³

1. Confirmed ORR = 82%: 14 confirmed PRs, 1 unconfirmed PR in an ongoing patient; 2. Complete tumor resection: R0 resection performed in curative intent, patient remains no evidence of disease as of 31 May 2022; 3. Referenced approved pan-FGFRi are Pemigatinib and Infigratinib; ORR based on prescribing information. These data are derived from different clinical trials at different points in time, with differences in trial design and patient populations. As a result, cross-trial comparisons cannot be made, and no head-to-head clinical trials have been conducted.

Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with <2 tumor assessments

RLY-4008 – Interim Response Data

FGFRi-Naïve Fusion+ CCA Patients Across All Doses



92% of Patients With Tumor Reduction Across All Dose Levels, Majority of Patients With Partial Response per RECIST 1.1

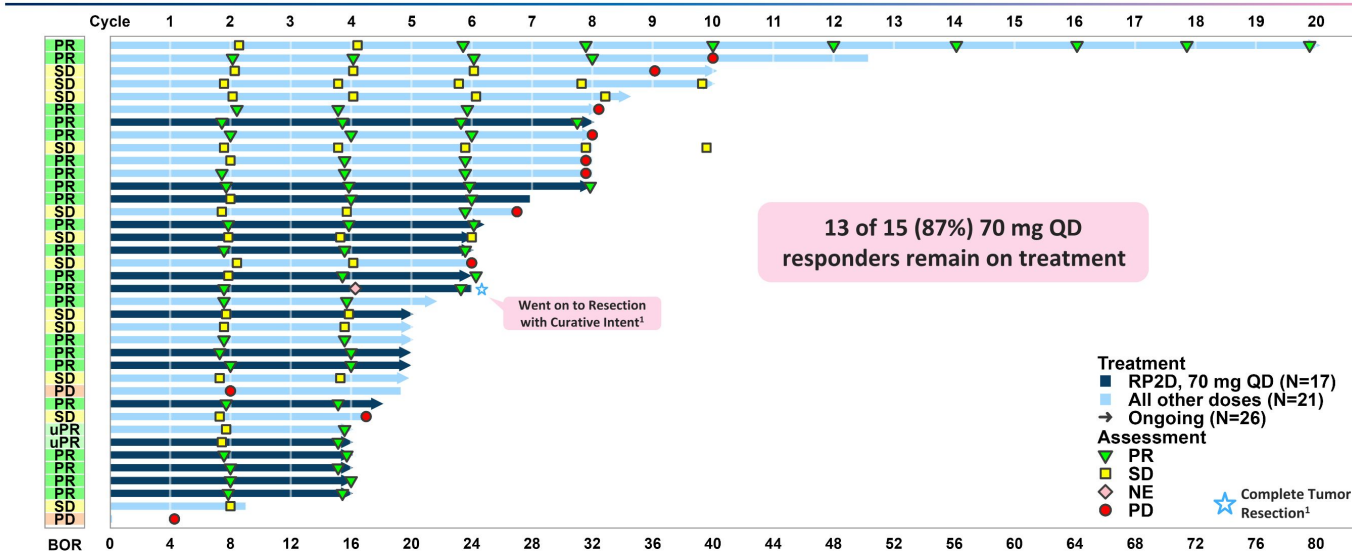
QDi = once daily dosing on an intermittent schedule (3 weeks on drug, 1 week off); BID = twice daily dosing

1. Confirmed ORR = 58%: 22 confirmed PRs, 2 unconfirmed PR

2. Complete tumor resection: R0 resection performed in curative intent, patient remains no evidence of disease as of 31 May 2022

Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with <2 tumor assessments

RLY-4008 – Time on Treatment for Fusion+ CCA FGFRi-Naïve Patients (All Doses)



BOR = Best Overall Response:

- SD Stable Disease
- uPR Unconfirmed Partial Response
- PR Confirmed Partial Response
- PD Progressive Disease

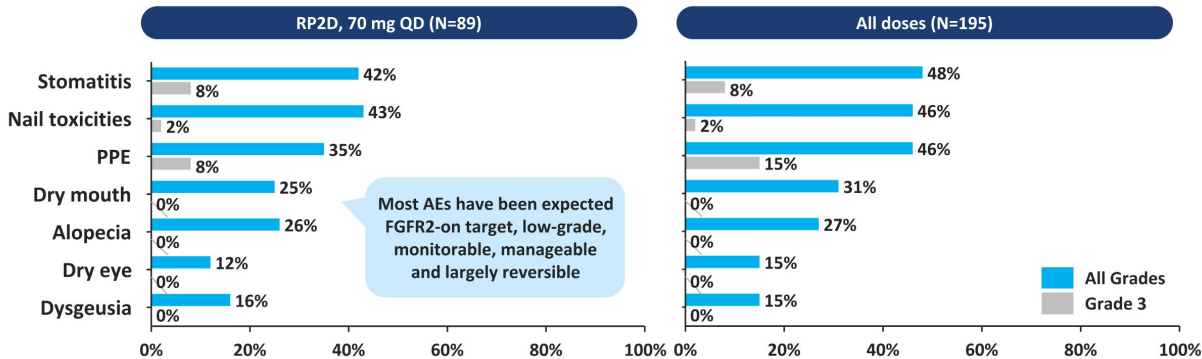
- Median duration of exposure: 5.5 months (range: <0.1 to 18.5 months)
- Median time to response: 1.8 months
- 12/38 (32%) Discontinued - 1 resection with curative intent, 8 PD, 1 AE, 2 withdrawal of consent

1. Complete tumor resection: R0 resection performed in curative intent, patient remains no evidence of disease as of 31 May 2022

Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with <2 tumor assessments

RLY-4008 – Treatment-Related Adverse Events (TRAEs) Interim Profile

TRAEs ≥ 15%



Most AEs have been expected FGFR2-on target, low-grade, monitorable, manageable and largely reversible

TRAE Dose Modification	RP2D, 70 mg QD (N=89)	All Doses (N=195)
Dose interruption (%)	42%	47%
Dose reduction (%)	27%	33%
Dose discontinuation (%)	1%	1%*

Doses at ≥40 mg QD result in 90%+ target inhibition

Clinically Insignificant Off-Target Hyperphosphatemia (12%, all Gr 1-2) and Diarrhea (4%, all Gr 1-2) Allow for Optimization of FGFR2 Inhibition

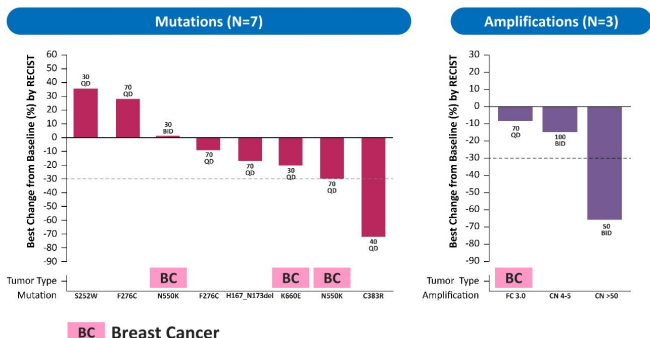
* 1 hypersensitivity, 1 retinal pigment epithelial detachment, both resolved
 Data cut-off: August 01, 2022; efficacy analysis includes patients with measurable disease who had opportunity for ≥2 tumor assessments or discontinued treatment with <2 tumor assessments
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RLY-4008 Poised for Tumor Agnostic Validation Across FGFR2 Alterations



Tumor regression observed across FGFR2 mutations and amplifications in ReFocus Part 1 Dose Escalation Data

Continue to actively enroll tumor agnostic cohorts



- Non-CCA advanced, solid tumors with FGFR2 alterations
- Non-CCA patients with FGFR2-fusion
 - Non-CCA patients with FGFR2-amplification
 - Non-CCA patients with FGFR2-mutation

Data Disclosure From Tumor Agnostic Cohorts Anticipated in 2023

Data presented at 2021 ENA Meeting (data as of 09 September 2021)

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Favorable Selectivity¹

~200x selective for FGFR2 over FGFR1,
~5000x selective over FGFR4²

Most AEs have been expected FGFR2-on target, low-grade, monitorable, manageable and largely reversible

Favorable Target Inhibition¹

Doses at ≥40 mg QD result in 90%+ target inhibition

Favorable Interim Tolerability¹

Minimized key off-target toxicities³

Hyper-phosphatemia ¹	Diarrhea	Discontinuation
12%	4%	1%

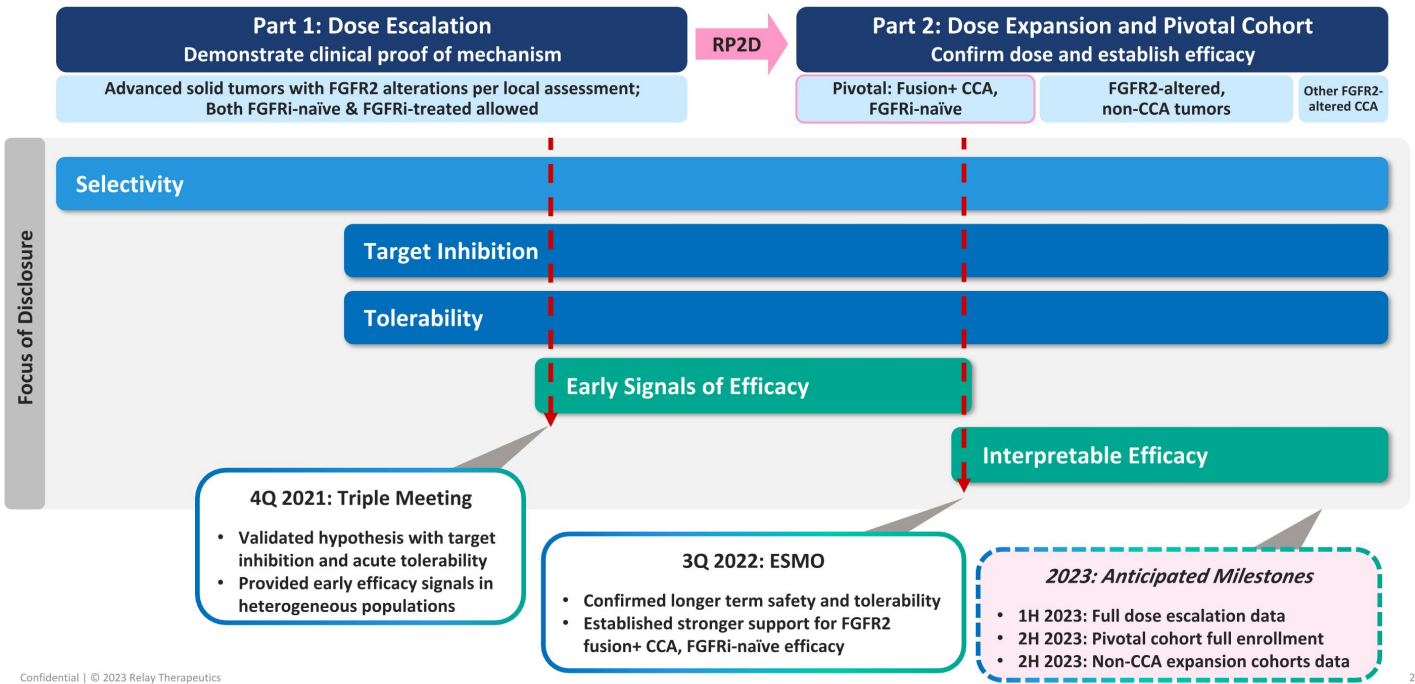
All Gr1-2

Favorable Interim Efficacy¹

88% ORR in fusion+, FGFRi-naïve CCA
15 of 17 pts at 70mg QD pivotal dose
(based on interim data)

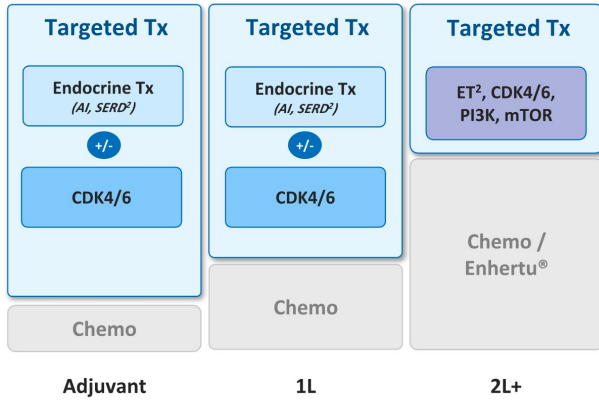
63% interim ORR for fusion+, FGFRi-naïve CCA across all doses

Sources: KINOMEScan™ by Eurofins DiscoverX; RLY-4008 data as presented at ESMO Congress 2022
 1. Interim data as of 01 August 2022; 2. Single experiment that tested each compound run at 500nM against 468 targets in the absence of ATP and without preincubation; 3. Toxicity rates across all doses, n=195 patients
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~200k annual HR+/HER2- breast cancer patients in US, of whom ~60k advance to later lines of treatment

HR+/HER2- breast cancer standard of care¹...



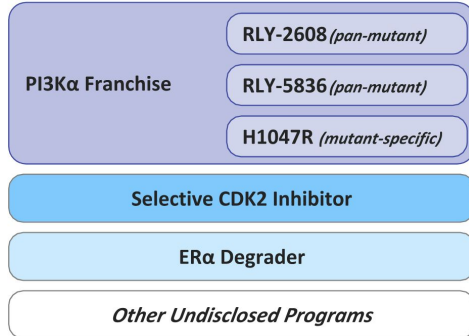
...is limited by efficacy of available treatments



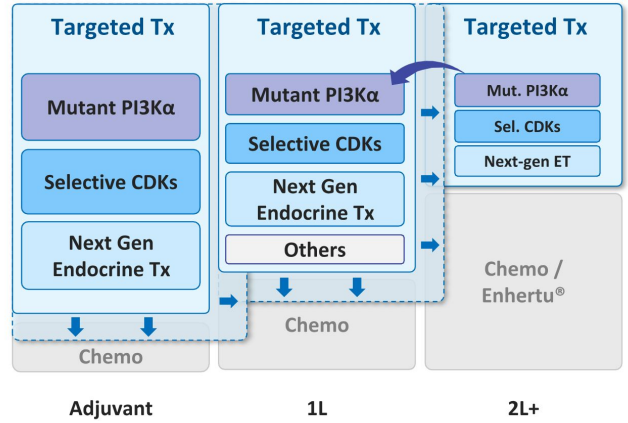
Source: Internal analysis based on third party industry data
 1. Standard of care for HR+/HER2- breast cancer is illustrative; 2. AI = Aromatase Inhibitor; SERD: Selective Estrogen Receptor Degradar; ET = Endocrine Therapy
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Relay Tx Solution

Relay Tx Breast Cancer Portfolio



Aspirational future state standard of care (HR+/HER2- BC)¹



Relay Tx aims to transform the standard of care for HR+/HER2- breast cancer

1. Aspirational future state standard of care for HR+/HER2- breast cancer is illustrative
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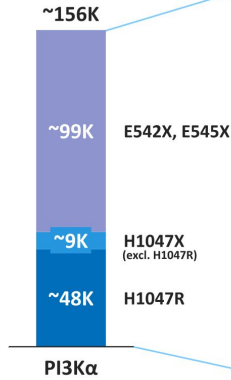
	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical
Breast Cancer	PI3Kα franchise	PI3Kα ^{PAN}	RLY-2608	[Progress bar]	
			RLY-5836	[Progress bar]	
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC}	H1047R-specific	[Progress bar]	
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar]		
	Degrader EQ _{Rx}	ERα Degrader	[Progress bar]		
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar]		
Tumor Agnostic	FGFR2	RLY-4008 <i>Mutant + WT</i>	Breast Cancer		[Progress bar]
			CCA + other		[Progress bar]
	SHP2 Genentech	GDC-1971	[Progress bar]		
GD	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar]		
		2 programs	[Progress bar]		



Pan-mutant selective drug is a significant clinical opportunity for solid tumors...

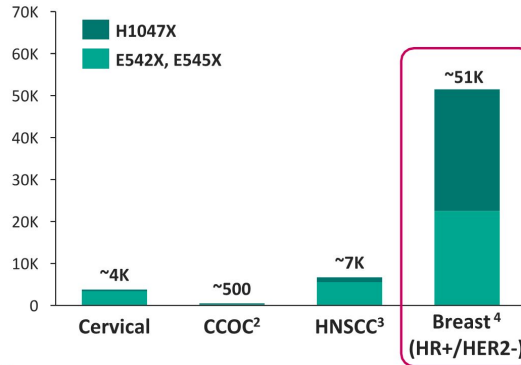
...with HR+/HER2- breast cancer as the single largest indication with PI3Kα mutations

US Patients – PI3Kα Solid Tumors Incidence (Annual)¹



PI3Kα alterations observed across multiple tumor types – select indications

US Patients - Comprehensive Incidence (Annual)



HR+/HER2- breast cancer is the largest single indication with PI3Kα mutated patients

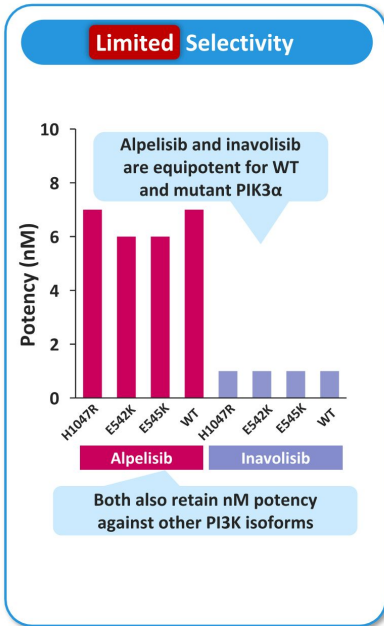
~30% Of HR+/HER2- breast cancer patients harbor a hotspot PI3Kα mutation⁴

Sources: Internal analysis based on third party industry data

1. Annual incidence of solid tumors with PI3Kα H1047R, PI3Kα H1047X, PI3Kα E542X + E545X alterations; 2. Clear Cell Ovarian Cancer; 3. Head & Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma;

4. HR+/HER2- breast cancer patient population with a PI3Kα hotspot alteration; alterations include: H1047X, E542X, E545X

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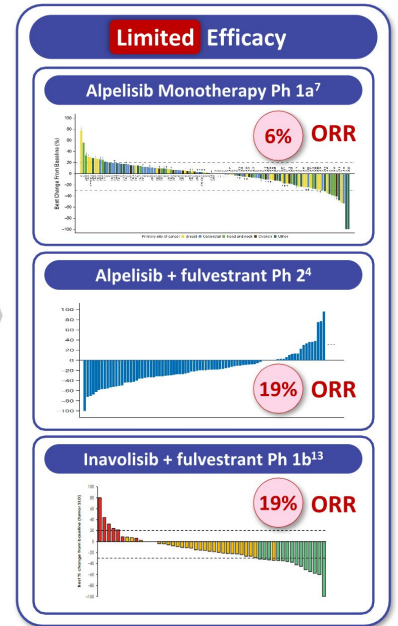
Limited Target Inhibition

Regimen	Interruption	Reduction	Discont.
Alpelisib ^{6,7}	58%	38%	15%
Alpelisib + fulv ¹	74%	64%	25%
Inavolisib + fulv ⁸	41%	18%	2%

Alpelisib: Observed coverage (based on IC₈₀) at average clinical dose 9-13hr⁷

Limited Tolerability

Compound	All Gr3+ Tox	Hyperglycemia		GI Tox (all Gr)	Rash (all Gr)
		All Gr	Gr3+		
Alpelisib ¹⁻⁷	44-78%	33-65%	13-37%	33-60%	20-36%
Inavolisib ⁸⁻¹²	33-54%	55-70%	5-22%	27-50%	7-27%

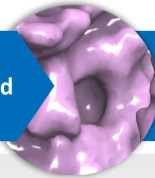


Note: fulv = fulvestrant; BC= breast cancer; all referenced studies are for their patient populations which are analogous to ongoing patient populations within RLY-2608 clinical trials; Alpelisib and fulvestrant are FDA approved. Inavolisib is in Phase 3 clinical trials
 Sources: Alpelisib – 1. SOLAR-1: Andre 2019 N Engl J Med 380:1929, 2. Ph 1b: SABCS 2013 P2-16-14, 3. Ph 1b: SABCS 2014 PDS-5, 4. Ph 2 ByLIEVE: Rugo 2021 Lancet Oncol 22:489, SABCS 2021 #P1-18-03, 5. Ph 1b mono: Annals of Oncol 25 2014 (suppl 4), 6. Ph 2 mono: Savas Cancer Discov 2022 Sep 12:2058, 7. Ph 1a mono: Juric 2018 J Clin Oncol 36:1291; Inavolisib – 8. ASCO 2022 #1052, 9. SABCS 2020 #PS11-11, 10. AACR 2020 CT109, 11. SABCS 2019 OT1-08-04; 12. SABCS 2019 P1-19-46, 13. SABCS 2021 #P5-17-05;
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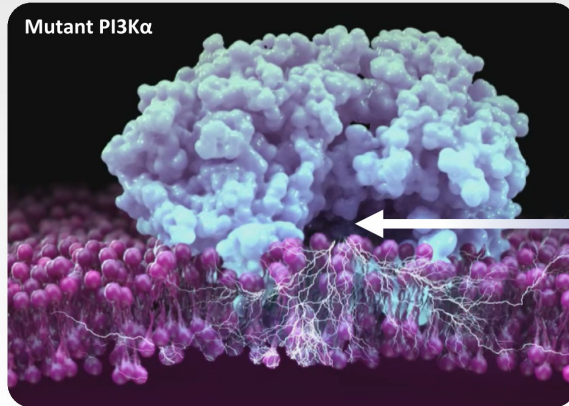
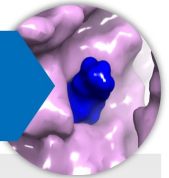
Solved first full-length structures of PI3K α (mutant and wild-type)



Discovered novel allosteric pocket favored in mutant protein



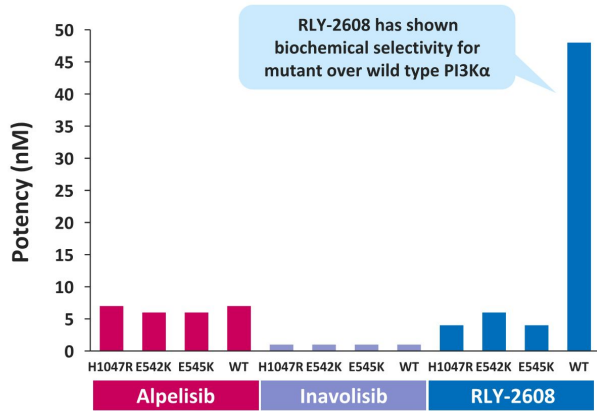
Designed pan-mutant selective PI3K α inhibitor (PI3K α ^{PAN})



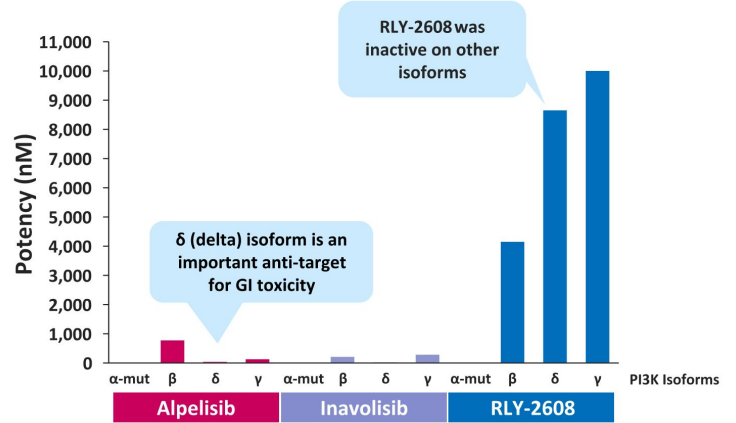
Orthosteric Site

A differentiated understanding of the structure of PI3K α and its relationship to function equips Relay Tx to design optimal mutant-selective inhibitors of PI3K α

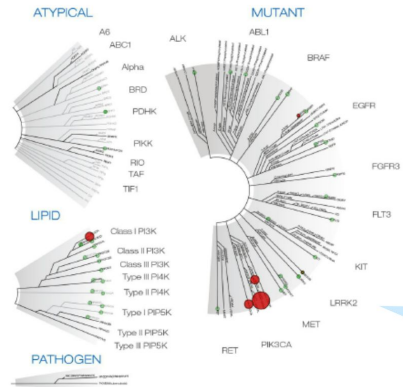
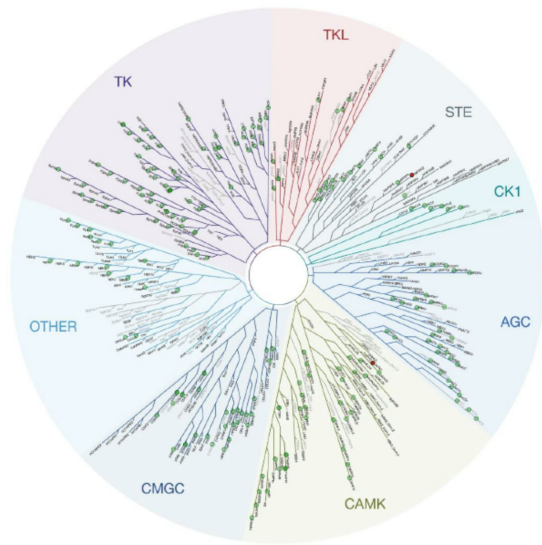
Mutant vs. WT PI3K α potency



Mutant PI3K α vs. other isoform potency



Source: RLY-2608 data as presented in 2021 AACR/NCI-EORTC Molecular Targets Conference poster presentation
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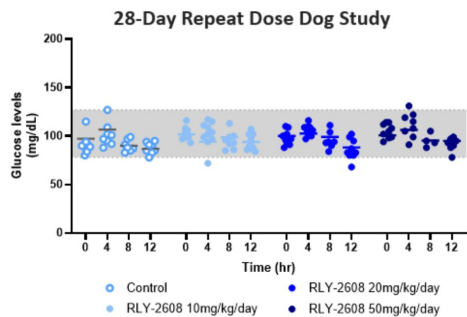
RLY-2608 inhibited only PI3K α , with preferential inhibition of mutant

Kinase Inhibition @ 10 μ M

- >80% inhibition
- 20-80% inhibition
- < 20% inhibition

Source: RLY-2608 data as presented in 2021 AACR/NCI-EORTC Molecular Targets Conference poster presentation
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Repeat dosing of RLY-2608 did not cause hyperglycemia in tox species (dog)



Equivalent exposures to efficacious mouse doses

Projected human oral bioavailability ~60% and half-life ~16h

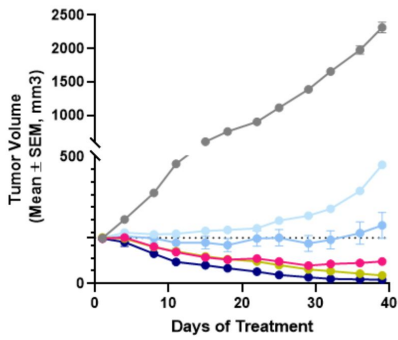
Hyperglycemia Definitions (CTCAE v5.0)

Grade	CTCAE Definition (v5.0)
Gr 1	Abnormal glucose above baseline, no medical intervention
Gr 2	Change in daily management from baseline for diabetic; oral antidiabetic agent initiated; workup for diabetes
Gr 3	Hospitalization indicated; insulin therapy initiated
Gr 4	Life-threatening consequences; urgent intervention indicated
Gr 5	Death

In higher species, dosing of RLY-2608 for 28 days showed no histopathological or ophthalmic findings associated with hyperglycemia

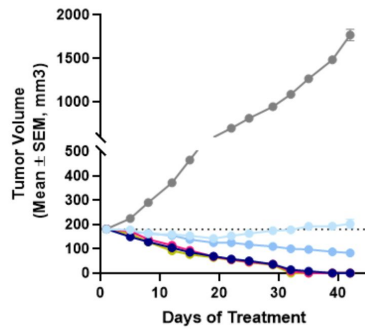
Source: NIH, Common Terminology Criteria for Adverse Events (CTCAE) version 5.0
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H1047R mutant (HCC1954) (mouse)



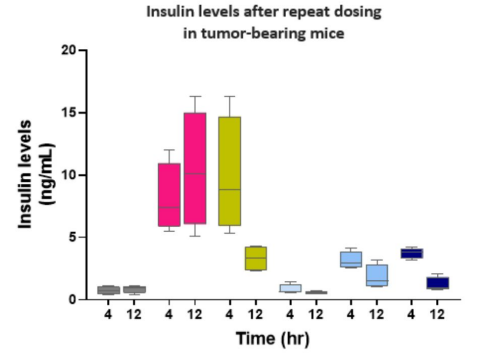
- Vehicle
- RLY-2608 25mg/kg BID
- Alpelisib PO 50mpk QD
- Inavolisib 25mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 50mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 100mg/kg BID

E545K mutant (MDAMB361) (mouse)¹



- Vehicle
- RLY-2608 25mg/kg BID
- Alpelisib PO 50mpk QD
- Inavolisib 25mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 50mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 100mg/kg BID

RLY-2608 achieved active doses with less insulin than orthosteric inhibitors²



- Vehicle
- Alpelisib 50 mg/kg QD
- Inavolisib 25 mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 25 mg/kg BID
- RLY-2608 50 mg/kg QD
- RLY-2608 100 mg/kg BID

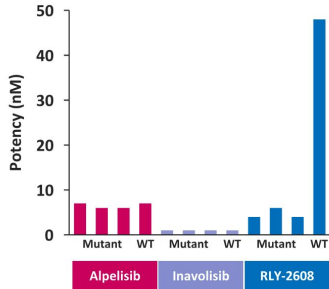
Source: RLY-2608 data as presented in 2021 AACR-NCI-EORTC Molecular Targets Conference poster presentation
 1. This model also carries a second mutation at K567R; 2. HSC2 model; 3. Similar results observed in the same background strain at 1hr timepoint in the MCF7 (E545K) model

Consistent results for 1-hour time point³

All Data Shown is Preclinical

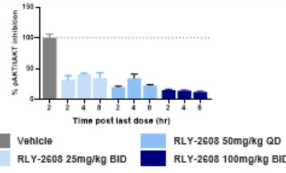
Favorable Selectivity

Limited potency against WT PI3K α and other PI3K isoforms



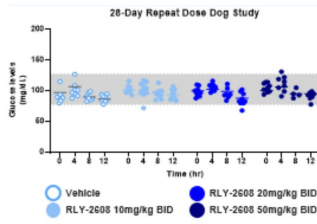
Favorable Target Inhibition

Maintains approx. 80% mutant PI3K α inhibition in mouse model



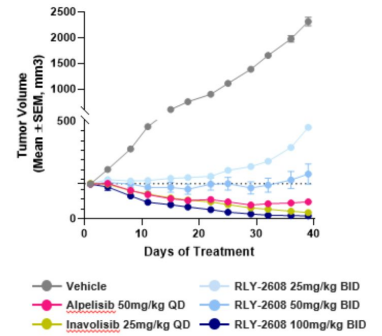
Favorable Tolerability

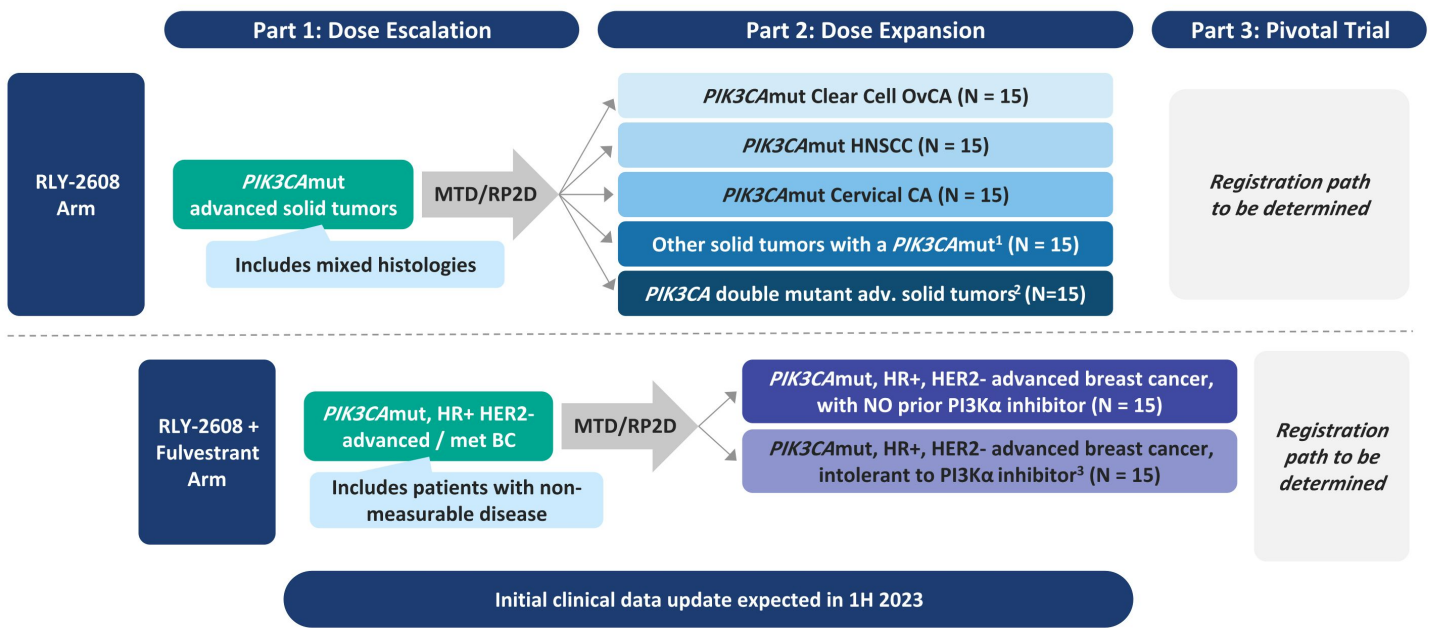
Manageable key toxicities, especially hyperglycemia shown in dog study



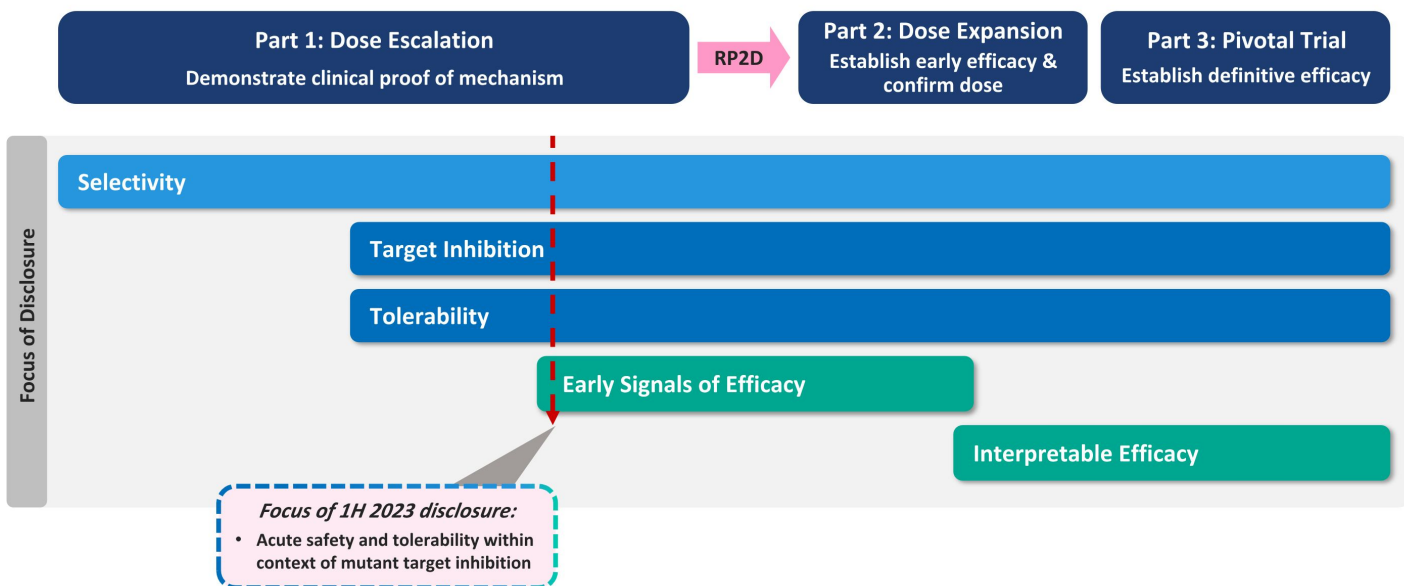
Favorable Efficacy

Robust tumor regression at tolerable doses in mouse model





1. Excludes *PIK3CA*mut clear cell OvCA, HNSCC, and Cervical cancer patients; 2. Double mutation defined as one major *PIK3CA* mutation (E542X, E545X, H1047X) + ≥1 additional *PIK3CA* mutation per local assessment; 3. Intolerance to *PI3Kα* inhibitors is defined as treatment discontinuation due to treatment-related AE (e.g., hyperglycemia, rash, diarrhea, stomatitis) other than severe hypersensitivity reaction and/or life-threatening reactions, such as anaphylaxis and Stevens-Johnson syndrome.

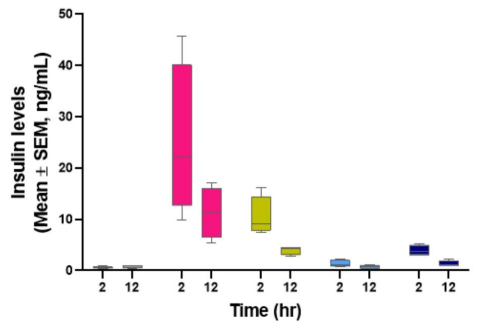
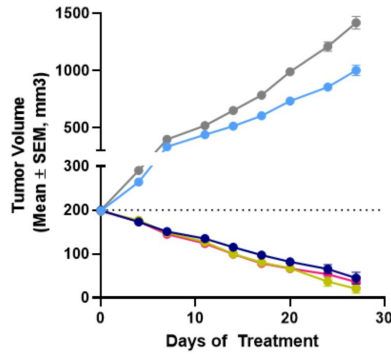
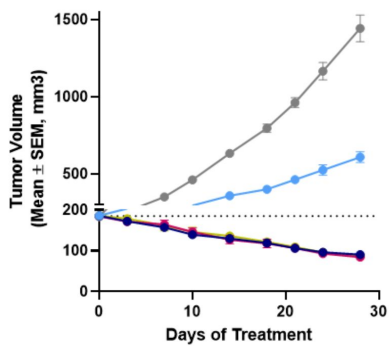


	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical
Breast Cancer	PI3Kα franchise	PI3Kα ^{PAN}	RLY-2608	[Progress bar]	
			RLY-5836	[Progress bar]	
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC}	H1047R-specific	[Progress bar]	
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar]		
	Degrader EQ _{Rx}	ERα Degrader	[Progress bar]		
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar]		
Tumor Agnostic	FGFR2	RLY-4008 <i>Mutant + WT</i>	Breast Cancer		[Progress bar]
	SHP2 Genentech	GDC-1971	CCA + other		[Progress bar]
	Undisclosed	2 programs	[Progress bar]		
GD	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar]		

H1047R mutant (HCC1954) (mouse)

E545K mutant (MDAMB361) (mouse)¹

RLY-5836 achieved active doses with less insulin than orthosteric inhibitors



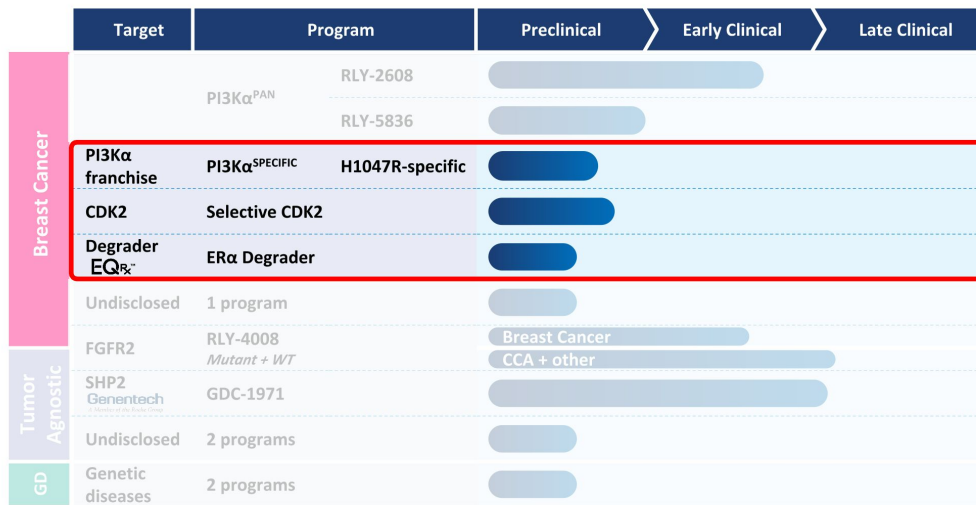
● Vehicle ● RLY-5836 30mg/kg BID
 ● Alpelisib 50mg/kg QD ● RLY-5836 150mg/kg BID
 ● Inavolisib 25mg/kg QD

● Vehicle ● RLY-5836 30mg/kg BID
 ● Alpelisib 50mg/kg QD ● RLY-5836 150mg/kg BID
 ● Inavolisib 25mg/kg QD

● Vehicle ● RLY-5836 30mg/kg BID
 ● Alpelisib 50mg/kg QD ● RLY-5836 150mg/kg BID
 ● GDC-0077 25mg/kg QD

Clinical start anticipated in 2Q 2023

Source: Internal RLY-5836 data
 1. This model also carries a second mutation at K567R
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CDK2 is important in ER+ breast cancer

Patients receiving adjuvant CDK 4/6i

~23K

Patients receiving 1L CDK 4/6i

~18K

Patients receiving 2L CDK 4/6i

~5K

Higher CDK2 activity associated with worse response to CDK4/6 inhibition in ER+ breast cancer

Computational modeling enabled breakthrough speed



Collect MD frames



Extract features



Cluster frames & assign cluster populations

Predict selectivity

Novel workflow leverages MD and ML to predict selectivity without bias or intervention

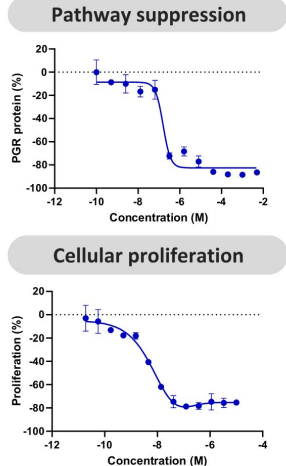
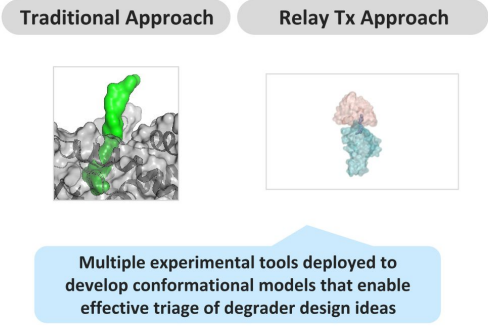
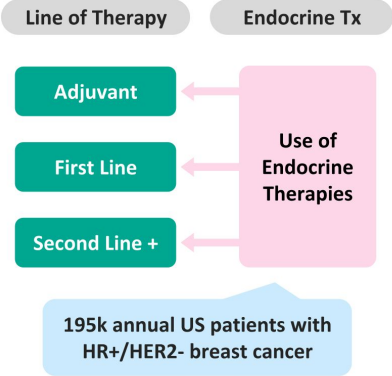
First compound synthesized to identification of lead compounds in <1 year

Relay Tx's CDK2 inhibitors observed to be highly selective

		RTX-1	RTX-2
Biochemical Potency	CDK2/CycE IC ₅₀ (mM)	0.002	0.004
Biochemical Selectivity (fold over)	CDK1/CycB	260x	100x
	CDK4/CycD1	685x	273x
	CDK6/CycD3	630x	322x
	CDK9/CycT1	3990x	2380x
	GSK3b	70250x	68050x

Clinical start expected in early 2024

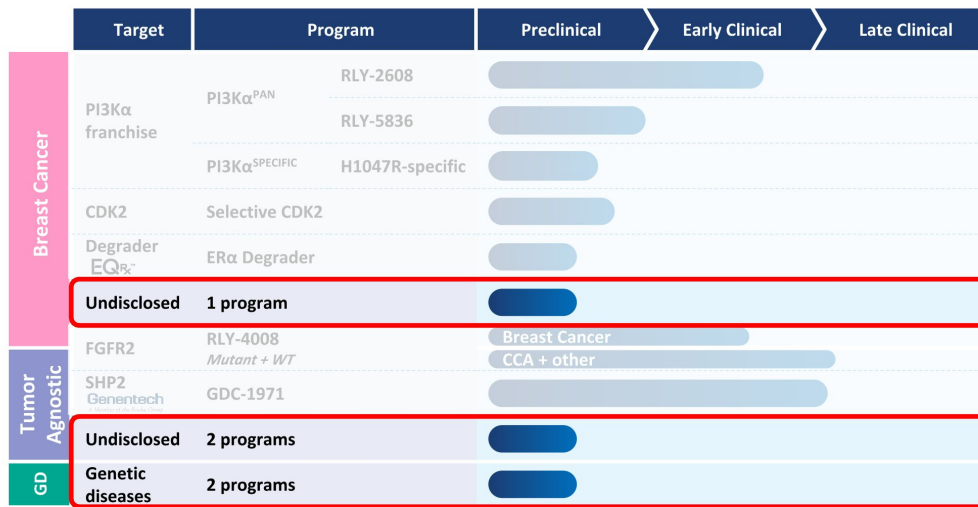
Endocrine therapies are used in every line of therapy in HR+/HER2- Breast Cancer Relay Tx is leveraging rational design... ...to obtain potent ERα degraders



Development Candidate nomination expected in 2023

Source: Internal analysis based on third party industry data
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	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical
Breast Cancer	PI3Kα franchise	PI3Kα ^{PAN}	RLY-2608	[Progress bar]	
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC}	RLY-5836	[Progress bar]	
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC}	H1047R-specific	[Progress bar]	
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar]		
	Degrader EQ _{Rx}	ERα Degrader	[Progress bar]		
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar]		
Tumor Agnostic	FGFR2	RLY-4008 <i>Mutant + WT</i>	Breast Cancer CCA + other		[Progress bar]
	SHP2 Genentech <small>A Division of Roche/Genentech</small>	GDC-1971	[Progress bar]		
GD	Undisclosed	2 programs	[Progress bar]		
	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar]		

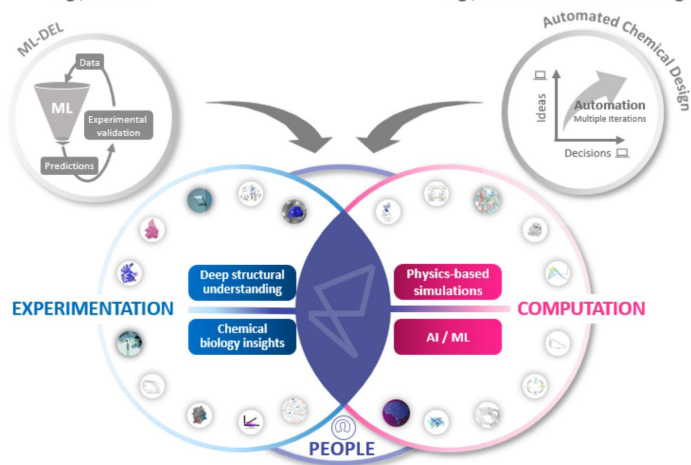


Platform capabilities and expertise continue to expand

Enabling deep and diversified early pipeline

Growing Platform
E.g., ML-DEL

Growing Automation
E.g., Automated Chemical Design (ACD)

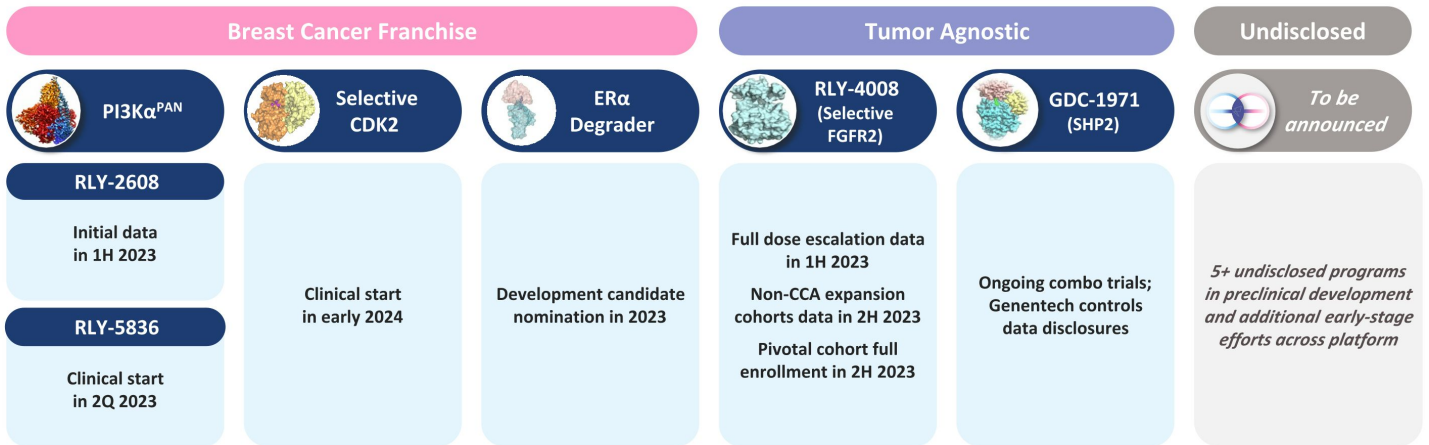


- 5+ Undisclosed Programs**
- Inhibitors
 - Degraders
 - Chaperones
 - New Modalities

	Target	Program	Preclinical	Early Clinical	Late Clinical	Annual US Patient #
Breast Cancer ¹	PI3Kα franchise	PI3Kα ^{PAN} RLY-2608 ²	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~8-51K
		PI3Kα ^{PAN} RLY-5836 ²	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~50-156K all solid tumors
		PI3Kα ^{SPECIFIC} H1047R-specific	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~4-25K ~15-48K all solid tumors
	CDK2	Selective CDK2	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~46K ³ (Patients receiving CDK4/6i)
	Degrader EQ [®]	ERα Degrader	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~29-196K ⁴
	Undisclosed	1 program	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced
Tumor Agnostic	FGFR2	RLY-4008 Mutant + WT	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical] Breast Cancer CCA + other			~11-35K ⁵
	SHP2 Genentech <small>A Member of the Roche Group</small>	GDC-1971	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			~37-69K ⁶
	Undisclosed	2 programs	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced
GD	Genetic diseases	2 programs	[Progress bar: Preclinical to Early Clinical]			To be announced

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, patient #'s refer to total annual number of US patients with late-line cancers compared to comprehensive annual incidence that may be amenable to treatment with our programs

1. Unless otherwise indicated, all breast cancer patient numbers refer to HR+/HER2- breast cancer tumors 2. RLY-2608 covers H1047X, E542X, E545X hot spots, and breast cancer patient range assumes HR+/HER2- population 3. ~46k HR+/HER2- breast cancer patients expected to receive CDK 4/6 inhibitors in adjuvant setting, first-line setting, and second-line setting in 2023, per Decision Resources Breast Cancer Market Forecast, report dated June 2022 4. HR+/HER2- US late-line breast cancer patients compared to HR+/HER2- US incident breast cancer patients 5. FGFR2 altered late-line solid tumors compared to comprehensive annual FGFR2 altered incident solid tumors including additional FGFR gene fusions and rearrangements resulting from truncation of the protein at exon 18 6. SHP2 combo only includes KRAS G12C in lung and CRC, EGFR mutations in lung, and ALK fusions in lung



\$1.1B

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of the end of 3Q 2022

Current cash, cash equivalents and investments are expected to be sufficient to fund current operating plan into 2025

Relay Tx's First Full ESG Annual Report



Patients

3 active clinical trials

Committed to clinical trial patient safety

Committed to product safety and quality

Note: Relay Tx is a development stage company

Community



Our patients / future patients



Our community in Cambridge and the broader Boston area



The next generation of scientists

People

98% employee respondents agreed they "made the right decision to join Relay Tx"

Turnover below industry average rates

Diversity & inclusion advisory group

Training and development opportunities

Equitable compensation

Environment



Responsible energy consumption



Reducing water consumption



Hazardous and lab waste management



Non-hazardous waste management

Governance

7 Directors Total*

29%
Racial/Ethnic Diversity

43%
Women

The Nom/Gov and Audit Committees oversee ESG efforts, with the full BOD getting ~quarterly updates

5yrs
Average Tenure

71%
Independence
(Non-exec CEO and Chair Role)

*As of December 2021



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